1920's Cloze Paragraph--ANSWERS

| baseball | assembly line | fly | scat | poor |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transatlantic | danced | Jazz | orphan | cheaper |  |
| Ford Motor Company | traveled | playing |  | pilot | trumpet |
| New York | increased | writer | Paris | popular |  |
| Harlem Renaissance | longer | watching | equally |  |  |

Louis Armstrong was a Jazz musician. He was famous for being a fantastic trumpet player and for inventing the art of scat, or a way of singing that sounds like a bunch of random sounds. Because of the changes that Louis Armstrong helped to bring, Jazz music became more popular. This type of music also helped to change the way people danced, especially women.

Henry Ford was improved the assembly line, which increased the number of cars that could be produced each year. He is also known for his company, The Ford Motor Company. Because of the boost in the production of cars, cars became cheaper; therefore, more people could buy them. This also changed the way people traveled.

Langston Hughes was an African American writer who wrote during the Harlem Renaissance. He wrote about poor people and equality for African Americans. His work helped to change the view of these people because they began to see them more equally.

Charles Lindbergh was the first successful pilot to travel by airplane across the Atlantic Ocean. This is known as a Transatlantic flight. He flew from New York to Paris. His successful flight helped boost people's confidence in flying longer distances and more people began to fly more often.

Babe Ruth was a successful baseball player that started out as an orphan. Due to his success, the game became more popular and more people began watching and playing the game.

